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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/787,496	10/17/2001	Keith Mario Torpy	10032.00 3949		
7	590 08/20/2003				
David P Gordon, Esq.			EXAMINER		
Gordon & Jaco 65 Woods End	Road		FASTOVSKY,	FASTOVSKY, LEONID M	
Stamford, CT 06905			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3742	12	
			DATE MAILED: 08/20/2003	12	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	ation No. Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/787,496	TORPY ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Leonid M Fastovsky	3742				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 J	ulv 2003 .					
2a)□		<del></del>					
3)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>							
4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.  12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No      Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage.							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 3742

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4, 6-7, 9-11, 16-17, 19-20, and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding et al in view of Hunt et al (6,396,387) and further in view of Sasaki et al.

Auding et al discloses substantially the claimed features including a thin film heating element (Fig. 1) including a layer of electrically conductive metal oxide on electrically insulating substrate (Abstract), the metal oxide layer being doped with foreign atoms, but does not disclose the layer being doped with at least one rare earth element. Hunt et al shows a heating element with metal oxide layer consisting of cerium (Col. 24, lines 25-40, Claim 1-2), and Sasaki et al shows two rare earth elements such as cerium and lanthanum (Col.1, lines 23-40). In addition, Auding et al discloses the metal oxide layer further including a donor element -an antimony and acceptor element -zinc in a quantity from 3 to 5 at. % (Claim 6), a heating element being stable at a temperature of 600 degree C (Col. 1, lines 62-65), and at power density exceeding 10 W per cm square (Col. 2, lines 7-10), and pyrolysis method of depositing (Claim 7). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made

Art Unit: 3742

to use rare earth elements as taught by Hunt et al and Sasaki et al to provide a satisfactory stability in the high power density application of the heating element.

- 3. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding et al in view of Hunt et al and further in view of Cooper (5,616,266). Auding et al in view of Hunt et al discloses substantially the claimed feature, except that a metal oxide is a tin oxide. Cooper shows a metal oxide being a tin oxide. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a tin oxide as taught by Cooper to be used in pyrolitic deposition.
- 4. Claims 8 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding in view Hunt and Sasaki and further in view of Flory et al (5,132,280).

Auding in view of Hunt and Sasaki discloses substantially the claimed features except that a metal layer is free of fluorine. Flory et al shows a metal layer free of fluorine (Abstract). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a metal layer free of fluorine as taught by Flory to prevent an irreversible change of the film properties.

5. Claims 12 -15, and 22-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding in view of Hunt, Sasaki and further in view of Sano et al (5,130,281).

Art Unit: 3742

Auding in view of Hunt and Sasaki discloses substantially the claimed features, except concentration of rare earth elements. Sano et al discloses a concentration of rare elements between 2.5- 5 mol % (Abstract). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a concentration of rare elements as taught by Sano to be suitable for heating element applications and for better stability.

6. Claims 18 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding in view of Hunt, Sasaki and further in view of Brown (4,721,632).

Auding in view of Hunt and Sasaki discloses substantially the claimed features, except a monobutyl tin trichloride. Brown discloses a monobutyl tin trichloride. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a monobutyl tin trichloride as taught by Brown to improve a pyrolysis process.

7. Claim 3, 21 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding in view of Hunt, Sasaki and further in view of Dinter (6,404,130).

Auding in view of Hunt and Sasaki discloses substantially the claimed features, except equal concentration of rare elements. Dinter discloses a heater with three equal concentration of rare earth metals (Col. 5,lines 19-20). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use an equal concentration of rare elements as taught by Dinter to maximize stability of the heating element.

Art Unit: 3742

- 8. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auding e in view of Hunt, Sasaki and further in view of Aslam et al (4,912,0870. Auding in view of Hunt and Sasaki discloses substantially the claimed feature, except a step of annealing. Aslam shows a step of annealing during a manufacturing of thin film electrical heating element (Col. 2, lines 19-29). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a step of annealing as taught by Aslam to assist in stabilizing the film.
- 9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-29 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leonid M Fastovsky whose telephone number is 703-306-5482. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th. 8.00 am -6.00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sang Paik can be reached on 703-308-1147. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0861.

Leonid M Fastovsky Examiner

Art Unit: 3742

Art Unit 3742

Lmf

August 14, 2003

SANG Y. PAIK PRIMARY EXAMINER

5. Per.